الملكة العربية السعودية وزارة التعليم العالي جامعة الملك عبد العزيز كلية الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية قسم اللغة العربية

تقسيمات الكلمة عند النحويين بين القدماء والمحدثين Word Divisions between Traditional and Contemporary Grammarians

إعداد : صالح بن عياد بن حميد الحجوري

بحث مقدم كجزء من متطلبات الحصول على درجة الماجستير من قسم (اللغة العربية) فرع اللغة

بِسُمِ ٱللهِ ٱلرَّحَانِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ

المملكة العربية السعودية وزارة التعليم العالي جامعة الملك عبد العزيز كلية الآداب والعلوم الإنسانية قسم اللغة العربية

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Word Divisions between Traditional and Contemporary Grammarians

إعداد الطالب صالح بن عياد بن حميد الحجوري

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المستخلص

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ABSTRACT

This study discussed the word in Arabic language and its divisions according to old and modern grammarians. First the definition of the word was presented and its concept clarified according to linguists and grammarians. The three divisions of the word, namely the noun, verb and preposition were defined and the signs of each division indicated. The study, thereafter, discussed the division of the word according to old grammarians: authors of the three-partite division of noun, verb and preposition along with the evidence and foundation on which the division is based and the objections that were raised against such division which was discussed from an academic point of view. The study, then, demonstrated the four-partite division of the word in its various forms according to Al-Faraa, Abu Jaafar Ahmed Ibn Sabir, Ibrahim Anees and Mahdi Al-Makhzoomi. Thereafter, the five-partite division was discussed according to Al-Sayyed Mustafa Jamaludin, the six-partite division according to Fuad Hanna Tarzi, the seven-partite division according to Tammam Hassan and Fadhil Al-Saqi and the eight-partite division according to Yaqoob Abdul Nabi indicating the methodology of the author of each division, his methodology and the basis on which he constituted it along with the content of such divisions and those which were acceptable and others which should be rejected. The study ended the discussion of the divisions by indicating the agreement among the authors of the divisions other than the three-partite and the differences among the authors of divisions contrary to the three-partite division and showed the division of the word in other languages such as English, French, Spanish, Persian, Hebrew, Chinese and Turkish. Subsequently the study indicated the most famous differences between Arabic and English languages in this respect. The research arrived at the end of the study at some findings, foremost among which are the fact that: the authors of the multiple divisions other than the three-partite division were influenced in making their divisions by other languages. The study also confirmed the validity of the three-partite division which was advocated and agreed upon by the old grammarians and wherein their rules have been uniformed. The latter finding, according to the study, was supported by academic evidence and proofs as well as by the valid research foundations

شكر وتقدير

التقديم

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التمهيد : (مفهوم الكلمة في العربية)، وفيه ثلاثة مباحث:

المبحث الأول: مفهوم الكلمة في اللغة .

المبحث الثاني: مفهوم الكلمة في الاصطلاح النحوي.

المبحث الثالث: أقسام الكلمة وعلاماتها عند النحويين.

الفصل الأول: وعنوانه (التقسيم الثلاثي للكلمة) وفيه ثلاثة مباحث:

المبحث الأول: (أصحاب هذا التقسيم وطريقتهم).

المبحث الثاني: (الأسس التي اعتمدوا عليها):

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المبحث الثالث: (الاعتراضات حول هذا التقسيم ومناقشتها).

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الفصل الثاني: وعنوانه (التقسيم الرباعي للكلمة) وفيه أربعة مباحث:
                    المبحث الأول: (التقسيم الرباعي المنسوب للفراء)،
     المبحث الثاني: (التقسيم الرباعي عند أبي جعفر أحمد بن صابر)
         المبحث الثالث: (التقسيم الرباعي للكلمة عند إبراهيم أنيس)
 المبحث الرابع: (التقسيم الرباعي للكلمة عند مهدي المخزومي)، ويشمل:
الفصل الثالث: وعنوانه (التقسيم الخماسي للكلمة)، وفيه ثلاثة مطالب:
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عنوانه (التقسيم الثماني للكلمة)، وفيه ثلاثةمطالب:	الفصل السادس: و
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نوانه (تقسيمات الكلمة: دراسة تقابلية)، وفيه أربعة مطالب:	الفصل السابع: وعا
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التهميد

مفموم الكلمة في العربية

وفيه ثلاثة مباحث:

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يَرْجِعُونَ ﴾ ().
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                                    : ﴿ لَيِنَ ﴿ كَلَهُ ﴿ لَذِّ ثَبُ ﴾ () . " ( أَنْ أَبُ أَلَكُ أَلَكُ اللَّهِ الْأَنْ أَلَكُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْ
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                                    Ploomfield, <u>Language</u>, Longmans,1972, 178 <sup>( )</sup>
                                         Sapir, Language, Selected writings, 25 ()
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                                      gardiner, Speech & Language , P.P. 69 -70 ()
                       words, <u>logic and grammar. Transact</u>. of phil. soc.1876.4. ( )
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meillet, L<u>ingustque,martinet, Historique et linguistique</u>. Generale,paris P. 30 <sup>( )</sup>
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الفصل الأول التقسيم الثلاثي للكلمة

وفيه ثلاثة مباحث:

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الفصل الثاني التقسيم الرباعي للكلمة

وفيه أربعة مباحث:

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الفصل الثالث

التقسيم الخماسي للكلمة

وفيه ثلاثة مطالب :

): () () .()"

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                           .()
                             ()
```

```
. ( )
  ):
           (
                               ." ()
                                          .( )
                    (
                            ):
                     ( )
             ( )
                                 ( )
: ﴿ ﴿ لَّا تَنصُرُوهُ فَقَدَ
                                نَصَرَهُ ﴿ لَنَّهُ ﴾ ()
                       ( )
                                                ( )
                                                ( )
```

```
( ) ( ) :
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) ()
  ( ) ( )
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(
  ):
":
{ ( )
     : }
      ()()
```

()): (.()" : () () () •

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- - (*) (*) ()

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( ) ( )
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      ): . (
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           ( ) ( ) ( ) - ( ) + +
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                                              ()
                                              ( )
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: (): . ()" ()): () (() (): : () . : <u>____</u>

() - - () · • : · __ _ _

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الفصل الرابع

التقسيم السداسي للكلهة

وفيه ثلاثة مطالب:

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      ):
                      ( ):
         .( )"
                               .( )"
عنصر التواطؤ إذ يقول: الاسم: لفظة دالة بتواطؤ مجردة من الزمان وليس واحد من
                                                أجزائها دالاً على انفراده "(").
                                                                        ()
                                    .( )
                                                                        ()
```

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               .(
                       ):
     .(
                    ( )
)
                               (
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                        (
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                  (
    ( )
                  ( )
                                 ()
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.):) : (. . – –

() .() () - () () () .(1) ()

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: () · () : • ()

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فلو كانت هذه الأنواع الثلاثة تعوض عن الاسم – كما ذكر – لما اجتمعت معه في عبارة؛ لأنه لا يجمع بين العوض والمعوض، ومع ذلك فقد اجتمعت مع المعوض عنه – على حد قوله – في مثل: (أنا علي، وهذا خالد، والذي عندك أخي) فهل اجتمع هنا العوض والمعوض؟ ولو قال ترزي: إنه أراد أنها تدل على أسماء غير المذكورة معها هنا؛ فمثلاً: (أنا) تدل على المتكلم، و(هذا) تدل على المشار إليه، و(الذي) تدل

```
: ":
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            ( Layt ) :
            ( Yi<u>t</u>ay ) :
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                                         ( <u>itay</u> ) :
                                                                    (Yes) :
                        (Layt)
                                                                   ( isu ):
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.( )
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```

```
(Layta)
        (Layt):
                                (
                           (Lital)
                 ( ) :
( )
                                           ( )
     : )
                                           ()
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```
):
Prepositions, Conjunctions and Interjections.
```

()



الفصل الخامس

التقسيم السباعي للكلمة

وفيه ثلاثة مطالب :

.()" .()" ()

. ()" :() () ()

. :): .(.():) :

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		. :	
		" :	
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	- -	- -	
	-	-	
		- ()"	
:		` '	
		:	
		. ()	

.() .()" () () •

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) () ((): : () : .()"

. ____

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( )<sub>"</sub> ( )
         . ( ):
.( )
                           ( )
                           ( )
```

```
.( )"
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                                    (
              )
.<sup>( )</sup>"
(
                                                                                   .( )
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            ( )
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                                              .( )"
                                                                                        ( )
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                                                                                        ()
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.()

.() () .()

: ()

.()" .()"

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﴿ فَضَرَّبِ ﴿ لَوَّقَابِ ﴾ () - _ _

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                                                             to coma
                              .( )"
                               : ﴿ فَضَرَّبُ ﴿ لَرِّقَابِ ﴾ ()
                                                      ):
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()_{II}

. - _______()

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(): () () () ()

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              ( )
        . ( ) :
                         ()
                         ( )
```

```
: ( ) "
                                          :"
﴿ كَمَلَتُ لَكُمْ دِينَكُمْ ﴾ ()
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                     ): ( )
(
                                                                .( ):
                                                                         ()
                                                                         ( )
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": (): **)** : ()(.()"): (() : ()

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                              .( )"
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() (.()" .()" () ()):

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): () () (()

.()"

```
( ):
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- ):
.(- - -
:
```

..... ()ıı

رُسَّالُةُ هُوْ عَلَمُ حَيْثُ يَجُعَلُ () () () () () () ()

: .

_ _ _

-

•

. ()

()
. ()
. ()
. ()

() .()") (): : ﴿ ﴿ يَتَانَ مُرْسَلِهَا ﴾ () () .(): ______ ()

```
(
                          )
  .()
( ):
          ):
( )
    ( )
             . ( ) ( )
:
                         ( )
```

•

•

•

•

الفصل السادس

التقسيم الثماني للكلمة

وفيه ثلاثة مطالب:

```
( )(
                                                                                                                   ( )

    (
    ):
    (
    ):

    (
    )
    :

    :
    )
    (
    )

                                                                                                                 ()
```

.() () " () (.()" ()

()

()" ()" () u .

() II

()

· —

-



· - - -

() : () () () () () () () ()

.()
.()
.()

. _____()

· - ()
()
()

. : (:) ______()
(- :) ______()

(- :)

· ______ ()
. _____ ()

rhema onoma .() () syndesmoi :() 2- the verb 1- the noun 3- the participle 4 -the article 5- the pronoun 6- the preposition 8- the conjunction 7- the adverb .()" .()"): Dixon :R, what is language, Longmans, 1961 p. 43 ()

()

```
.( )"
                                                               .( )"
G. )
                    (carter)
                                                                    .....<sup>(1)</sup>(Troupeau
                                     ):()
                                                                                               ()
                                                                                               ()
                                                                                               ()
                 Revue des <u>etudes islamiques les origins de la grammaire</u> arabe1981.69-79 <sup>( )</sup>
    & La logique d, ibn al- Mogaffa et les origins de la grammaire arabe in Arabe1981. 69-79.
                                                                                               ()
                                                                                               ( )
```

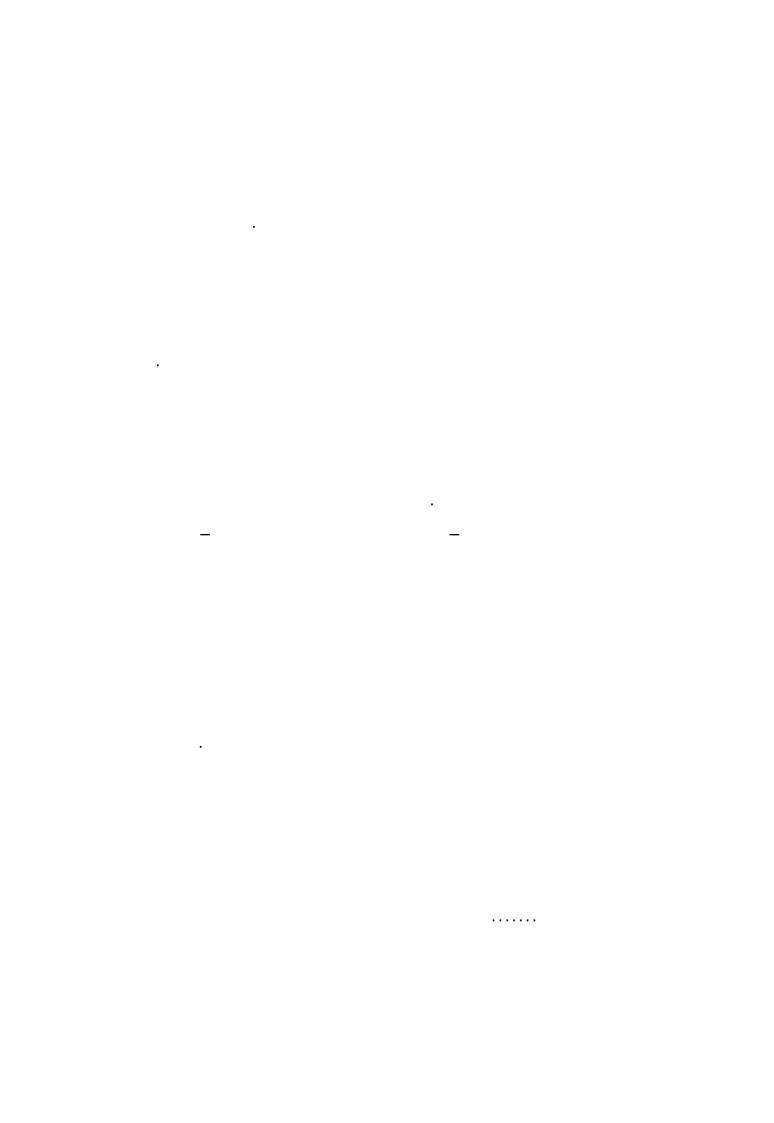
```
( merx
                                           .....
                                              ."( syndesmos )
.( )
              ()
                             ( )
                                        ( )
                                                            ( )
                                                             ()
                                                             ( )
                                                            . ()
```

. ()" () () - :)) ___

() . ()"): .⁽⁾(()

. : ____ ()

```
( )( ) ( ;
          . ( )"
          .()
                    ( )
                    ()
```



. –

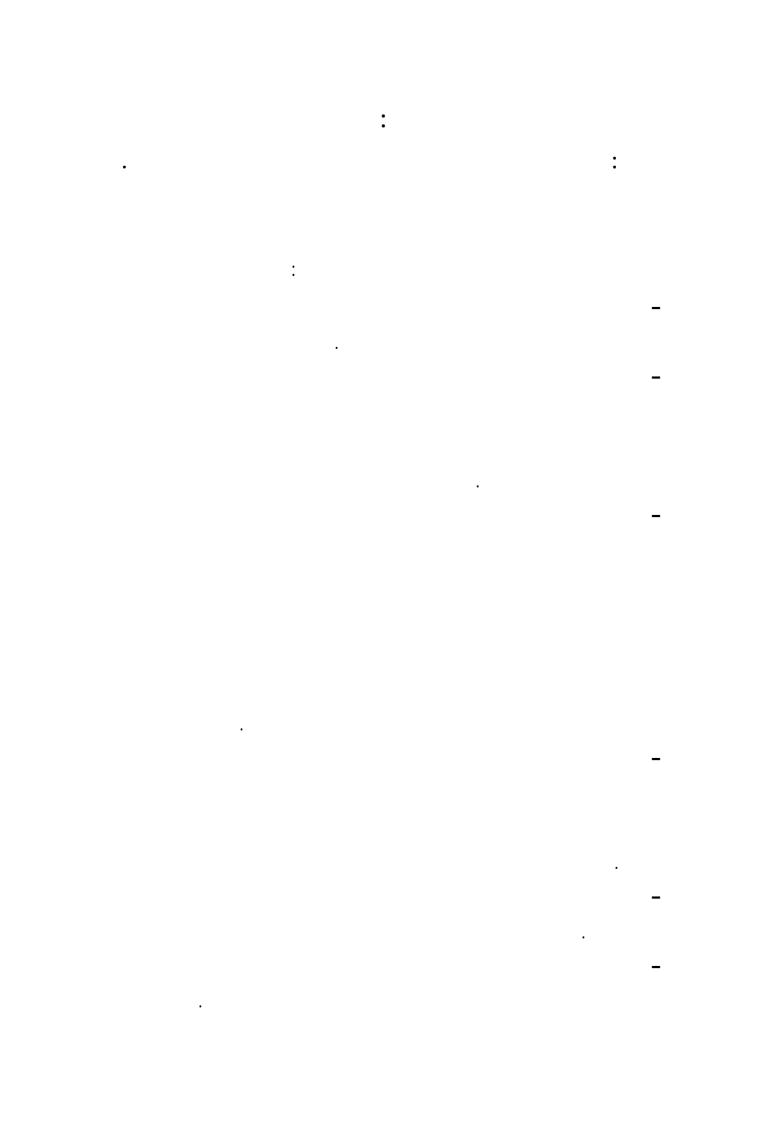
. ()(

·

. - ______()

الفصل السابع تقسيمات الكلمة: دراسة تقابلية

وفيه أربعة مطالب:



		_
		-
		-
		-
•		



```
):
 .(
   :()
                                 :( nouns )
( )Sámi ( )Damascus ( )woman book paper.....:
                      :(proper nouns)
                               : (Capital letter)
     Fadi ( ) Lebanon ( ) July ( ) Friday( )
                   :( common nouns )
                                                ( )
```

Man-child- teacher-cat- book- river-city- day	
:(material nouns)	•
Iron-snow-water-wood-air-sand-bread	:
:(collective nouns)	•
fleet () crowd () army () flock ():
:(abstract nouns)	•
pleasure() Laughter () :	
. joy () wisdom ()
. (concrete n	ouns)
: (pronouns)	ب-
:(personal pronouns)	•
() ()	()
: (Indefinite pronouns)	•
all-each-both-some(-thing-body-one)much	
:(possessive pronouns)	•
:(reflexive pronouns)	•
(-self)	
(-selves)	
:(emphasizing pronouns)	

.

```
:(Demonstrative pronouns)
                 :(Interrogative pronouns)
                       :(relative pronouns)
                                 (Adjectives)
                    : (proper adjectives)
.(Capital letter)
                :( possessive adjectives ) :
                 :(descriptive adjectives) :
                  :(quantitative adjectives)
                     :(numeral adjectives)
                 (demonstrative adjectives)
```

This-that- these- those -such - the some - the other

```
Any - one - certain - such - some other - another
                                (Interrogative)
                                    (What- Which- Whose)
                      (distributive adjectives)
                  each – every – both – either – neither......
                                           (verbs)
                              (ordinary verbs)
          (auxiliary and special verbs)
                                     (Adverbs)
                            :(adverbs of time)
                          :(adverbs of place)
                        :(adverbs of manner)
                      :(adverbs of frequency)
                    : (adverbs of degree)
```

```
:( Interrogative adverbs )
                           :(relative adverbs)
                (affirmation and negation)
Yes - no - perhaps - not - probably - certainly .....
                                   (prepositions)
                                 (conjunctions)
                                  (Interjections)
                                                     :( oh! )-•
                                                     :( Ah!)-•
                                                  :( Hello ! )-•
                                                   :( Hey!)-•
```

```
.()
     Beyrouth
                          Sami
                                          Maison
                 (Noms)
      IL:
               Ce /Cet :
                               je : Tu :
             (Pronoms)
Une voiture rouge
                              Un oeuf pourri
       (Adjectifs)
                   lls mangent
                                              )
        (Verbes):
                          Je l'ai vu hier
        (Adverbes) "
            La lettre est envoyee par la poste aerienne
(Prepositions)
                                " par " :
                                                     ()
```

```
-j
                                   Toi et moi
                  (Conjonctions)
   salut!
                Ah!
      (Interjections) "
                         ):
.(
      .()
                              :( Nombres )
        Madrid
                           casa:
                                        Carmen:
                           (pronombres)
                      aque:
            tu:
  yo:
                              (Adjectvos)
                       Un nino inteligente
                          Un hombre rico
                        Una casa grande
                                  (verbos)
                                                    ()
```

```
El nino bebe el agua
             El vaso esta vacio
                Tengo hambre
                       (Adverbos)
                   Tengo prisa
             Duermo temprano
                ( Preposiciones )
Estamos jugando al ajedrez
           Yo voy a casa
               (Conjunciones)
        Son las dos media
    Ven para que te felicite
              (Interjecciones)
                   que bonito!
                Oh Dios mio!
```

```
.( )
            - ( )
          - : ( )
: : :
                  ()
- (
```

```
: : : :
:
. : : : :
 : ( )
 : ( ) = ( )
       ·
:( )
( - - - ): -
    :( )
. : - : : :(
  ( )
  . : - : :
```

```
:( ) =
  ( )
. : - :
:( ) =
  :
   ( ) : =
( ) : =
: : : :
  :( ) : =
    : :
```

: : :

:

:
(:) (:) (:) : ()
:()
.

:() : - : : . : : : : : - : - : : : - : - : : . : - : - : : : - : : . : - . : - : : : - : : . : - : - : : : : : : : ·:

```
:()
           ·) ۲2
                              . שַׁם עָצָם
                               שם מִקְרָה
           : לקו
                              שם תצר .
                               אָם גוּף
                                נ שָׁם מִסְפֶּר
    (
         )
                              : הַמַּלְה
    .בכלם
                                           מלות הַוָהָס
.
                                                        ()
(
```

```
.( ) אָל ( ) בְּער ( ) עד ( ).
 מלות החבור ( ) הקבור יין הקבור יין ( )
                             ( ) <sub>קפוך</sub> (
( ) אולמי ( ) : לא
                            במלוח המבטלות |
בעבור , למען , נען ( ישן הפעס ( ) בעבור . למען נען ( ישן הפעס •
          - מַלוֹת הַתְשׁוּבָה ( ) : בּּוְבּהַוְיִייֹן
               .(
                            ): :
               .(
                       ): :
                       ( ) :
.( )
                       .( ): :
```

:() 代词 他 你 连词 刘 天化 动词 序数词 量词 副词 -j 介词 ط-形容词

() (

```
:( )
                                   ( )
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```
(Qok)() (Pek)(
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              .(
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             - ( )
   )
```

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: - ( ) - :
- : - ( ) - :
            .( )
                        :( )
( To be )
```

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(
            ) Bunlar : - ( - ) Bu :
                        ( - ) O:
    )Oralar :
              - { } ( ) Burasi :
                Orada var : :
                Buraya gel:
{
      } ( )
                . {
       Insan boyle dusunur
                         - ):
.(
                 ( )mek (
                                  )mak
    git ( mek )
               - yaz ( mak )
```

```
okuyun oku ( ) Okumak
        ( )du ( )di
                .( )yedik ( ) yedim
                ( )yor
                .( )okuyorum ( )
   ( ) ur ( ) er ( ) ar ( ) r
                 .( ) yatarim :
       ( ) ecek ( ) acak
                 .<sup>()</sup>( ) girecek :
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                     : ( )
       .( ) - ( ) bu : --
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Am – is – are :

Star – Stand-stad :

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(Turn off) (Turn on):):):

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	﴿ قَالَ ﴿ يَتُكَ ﴿ لَا تُكَلِّمَ ﴿ لَنَّاسَ ثَلَاثَةَ ﴿ يَتَّامِ ﴿ لِلَّا رَمَّ ﴿ ﴾
	﴿ فَبِمَا رَحْمَةٍ مِّنَ ﴿لَلَّهِ لِنتَ لَهُمَّ ﴾
	﴿ وَكِلِمَتُهُ ۚ إِلَٰهَ لَهُ آ ﴿ لَكُ مَرِّيَمَ ﴾
	﴿ لَيُوْمَ ﴿ كَمَلَتُ لَكُمْ دِينَكُمْ ﴾
	﴿ يَكَأَيُّهَا ﴿ لَّذِينَ ﴿ مَنُو ﴿ عَلَيْكُمْ ﴿ نَفُسَكُمْ ۗ ﴾
	﴿ لِللَّهُ ﴿ عَلَمُ حَيْثُ يَجْعَلُ رِسَالَتَهُ ۗ ﴾
	﴿ ﴿ يَتَانَ مُرَّسَلِهَا ۗ ﴾
	﴿ ﴿ لَّا تَنصُرُوهُ فَقَدَ نَصَرَهُ ﴿ لَلَّهُ ﴾
	﴿ وَكِلِمَةُ ﴿للَّهِ هِيَ ﴿ لَعُلْيَا ۗ ﴾
	﴿ رَضُو ْ بِأَن يَكُونُو ْ مَعَ ﴿ لَخَوَ لِفِ ﴾
	﴿ وَتَمَّتْ كَلِمَةُ رَبِّكَ ﴾

﴿ لَبِنَ ﴿ كَلَهُ ﴿ لَذِ ثَبُ ﴾
﴿ كَبُرَتْ كَلِمَةً تَخْرُجُ مِنْ ﴿فُواهِهِمْ ﴾
﴿ كِلْتَا﴿ لَجَنَّتَ يُنِ ﴿ تَتَ ﴿ كُلَّهَا ﴾
﴿ لَّنَكِنَّا هُوَ ﴿لَّلَّهُ رَبِّي ﴾
﴿ كَالْآ إِنَّهَا كَلِمَةُ هُوَ قَآبِلُهَا ﴾
﴿ وَلَكِنْ حَقَّتْ كَلِمَةُ ﴿ لَعَنَوْبِ عَلَى ﴿ لَكَنْفِرِينَ ﴾
﴿ وَجَعَلَهَا كَلِمَةً بَاقِيَةً فِي عَقِبِهِ ـ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ ﴾
﴿فَضَرَّبُ ﴿لَرِّقَابِ ﴾
﴿ إِنَّانَ مُرْسَلِهَا ﴾
﴿ إِنَّ ﴿ لَإِ نسَانَ لَفِي خُسَرٍ ۞ إِلَّا ﴿ لَّذِينَ ﴿ مَنُو ﴿ ﴾

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ثانيا: الدوريات العربية

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SUMMARY

This is a grammatical linguistic study that investigated one of the grammatical topics that occupied the minds of many investigators, which is the division of the word in Arabic among old and modern scholars.

The study by its nature entailed relying on the descriptive and interpretative methodology for the purpose of investigation. The researcher tried to indicate in his investigation and discussion of this issue the opinion of the scholars and test them, including those which were acceptable and those which should be rejected, thus abiding by the academic discussion based on evidence and proofs while favoring what he finds more likely and indicating the reason behind that in doing so, and documenting all that he has quoted from old and modern scholars.

Among the most important findings that the researcher arrived at in this study is the following:

- It was found that the three-partite division of the word according to the old grammarians into noun, verb and preposition was valid. The rules of such division were found to be uniformed and its regulations regular. The agreement among the old grammarians with respect to this kind of division was unanimous irrespective of their schools, philosophies and ages. None of them deviated from this general path except those who were not regarded as important. Otherwise all the other divisions may be regarded as an unwarranted superfluous. and what has been thought by the contemporary researchers as a readdressing of the division of the word, which according to them would solve many problems, is not true, but the opposite is true; restricting the division of the word to the three parts is much simpler and easier especially to the offspring.
- It was also found that Al-Farraa did not opt for the four-partite division which has been ascribed to him, and his opinion did not differ from the opinion of the majority of the grammarians who opted for the three-partite division.

- There is a difference between the term of "the variant" and the term of "the difference" according to Kufi scholars, and are not the same as indicated by some researchers.
- The first scholar to introduce the term of "the variant" was Abu Jafar Ahmed Ibn Sabir and he coined this term to represent the "verbal noun". Modern scholars expanded this term and added other cases to its domain including the words "nima", "biisa" and the exclamation verbs.
- The verbal nouns are nothing but nouns as they the Basri scholars indicated and require some of the signs of nouns such as the inflection and its case whether nominative or accusative, along with the case which is not inflected and becomes a proper noun with the Arabic letter "r" at the end. Despite the fact that the verbal noun connotes what is connoted by verbs, still it differs from verbs in many instances. On the other hand it cannot be placed in a separate division.
- It transpired from the opinions of the modern scholars about the division of the word that some cases prompted them to introduce new divisions, first among which are:
 - The linguistic lexical understanding of a group of words.
 - The confusion in the division of the word between the single word and the word after being constructed.
 - Influence of the other languages in the division of the word.
 - The failure to distinguish between the levels of connotation of the types of the noun which they made divisible and separable.
- The difference is only in the way the nouns connote their meanings and nominations. It is only valid and better to say that the noun is divided into divisions based on its connotation and the way its expresses its meaning. The difference in the noun lies in devising a comprehensive, collective, separating definition. The way in which the divisions of the noun are conceived is valid and complete in the minds of old grammarians.
- It is likely that the three-partite division into noun, verb and preposition is universal in the ancient languages, the matter

- which has been indicated by some scholars. None of the ancient scholars has ever indicated that the three-partite division of the word is contrary to the division in other languages despite the fact that most of such scholars originally spoke other languages.
- It is likely be ascertained that Arabic grammar is of Arabic origin and descent and has not be modeled on the Greek grammar nor has it been influenced by the Aristotelian logic or the Greek philosophy- particularly dividing the word into noun, verb and preposition.